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Section A. General Information on Appeals

Overview

In this Section

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1. Appeal Process

Introduction

This topic contains information on the appeal process, including

- formal hearings, and
- an overview of the appeal process.

Change Date

June 18, 2013

a. Formal Hearings

The appellant may elect to have a formal hearing at any time during the appeal process.

Reference: For more information on hearings, see M21-1MR, Part I, 4.

b. Overview of the Appeal Process

The table below describes an overview of the stages in the appeal process.

Stage	Who Is	Action	Reference
	Responsible		
1	Appellant	files a notice of disagreement	See <u>M21-1</u>
		(NOD) in response to a	MR, Part I,
		Department of Veterans	<u>5.B</u> .
		Affairs (VA) decision	
		regarding his/her benefit	
		claim.	

b. Overview of the Appeal Process (continued)

Stage	Who Is	Action	Reference
	Responsible		
2	• Claims Assistant, or • Veterans Service Representative (VSR)	 accepts the NOD if it does not need further clarification, such as clarifying which issues are being appealed when a decision contains multiple issues establishes a Veterans Appeal Control and Locator System (VACOLS) record, and gives the appellant the option to elect (if the election is <i>not</i> received with the NOD) the Post Decision Review Process, or appellate review process without DRO review. 	See M21-1 MR, Part I, 5.B.5.
		References: For more information on • clarifying NOD issues, see M21-1MR, Part I, 5.B.6.b, and • establishing a VACOLS record, see the VACOLS User's Guide.	

b. Overview of the Appeal Process (continued)

Stage	Who Is	Action	Reference
	Responsible		
3	Appellant	elects either the	See M21-1 MR, Part I,
		• DRO review process, or	5.B.5.
		• traditional appellate review	
		process without DRO	
		review.	
		Notes:	
		• It is acceptable for an	
		appellant to elect the DRO	
		review process by	
		telephone. Any election	
		received by telephone must	
		be documented in writing	
		on VA Form 27-0820,	
		Report of General Information.	
		If the appellant does not	
		elect the DRO review	
		process on the NOD or	
		within 60 days of VA	
		notification of the right to	
		this process, the appeal	
		proceeds in accordance	
		with the traditional	
		appellate review process.	
4	• VSR	conducts one of the following	See <u>M21-1</u>
	• Rating Veterans	review processes based on the	MR, Part I,
	Service	appellant's choice:	<u>5.C</u> .
	Representative		
	(RVSR), or	• DRO review process, or	
	• DRO	• traditional appellate review	
		process without DRO	
		review.	

b. Overview of the Appeal Process (continued)

Stage	Who Is Responsible	Action	Reference
5	Responsible • VSR • RVSR, or • DRO	Does the review warrant a change to the decision on appeal? • If yes on all issues, includes a complete statement of facts in the new decision with any discussion needed to clearly show the basis for the allowance. • If yes on only some issues, — issues a Statement of the Case (SOC) confirming the decision on appeal and explaining the reasons for the VA decision, and — sends VA Form 9, Appeal to Board of Veterans' Appeals, to the appellant. • If no • issues an SOC confirming the decision on appeal and explaining the reasons for the VA decision, and - sends VA Form 9, Appeal to Board of Veterans' Appeals, to the appellant.	See • M21-1 MR, Part I, 5.C.15, and • M21-1 MR, Part I, 5.D.

b. Overview of the Appeal Process (continued)

Stage	Who Is Responsible	Action	Reference
6	Appellant	 returns VA Form 9 or a substantive appeal in lieu of VA Form 9 within applicable time frames, and may elect one of the following types of Board of Veterans' Appeals (BVA) hearings: Travel board Videoconference, or In person in Washington, DC, or may elect a local hearing before regional office (RO) personnel. 	See <u>M21-1</u> MR, Part I, <u>5.E</u> .

b. Overview of the Appeal Process (continued)

Stage	Who Is Responsible	Action	Reference
7	• VSR • RVSR, or • DRO	• sends a Supplemental Statement of the Case (SSOC) to the appellant if - VA receives additional evidence, and - the appellant does not receive a complete grant of benefits on appeal, and • gives the appellant 30 days to reply before the appeal is sent to BVA.	See M21- 1MR, Part I, 5.D.21.
		 Notes: If none of the above applies, proceed to Step 8. No reply is necessary from the appellant once VA receives a substantive appeal. 	

b. Overview of the Appeal Process (continued)

Stage	Who Is	Action	Reference
	Responsible		
8	• DRO	Certifies the case to BVA.	See <u>M21-1</u>
	• RVSR, or		MR, Part I,
	• Veterans		<u>5.F</u> .
	Service Center		
	Manager		
	(VSCM)		
	designee		
9	Claims Assistant	Transfers the claims folder to	See <u>M21-</u>
		BVA.	1MR, Part III,
			Subpart i, 1.6.
10	BVA	Either	See <u>M21-1,</u>
			MR, Part I,
		• issues a decision granting or	<u>5.G</u> .
		denying the benefit, or	
		• remands the case to the RO	
		for additional action.	

b. Overview of the Appeal Process (continued)

Stage	Who Is	Action	Reference
	Responsible		
11	• VSR	If BVA	See <u>M21-1</u>
	• RVSR, or		MR, Part I,
	• DRO	• issues a decision, then the	<u>5.G</u> .
		 RVSR issues a rating 	
		decision, if necessary,	
		implementing BVA's	
		decision	
		– VSR processes the RVSR	
		decision, and	
		– VSR closes out any	
		pending VACOLS	
		records. If all issues are	
		decided, go to Step #13.	
		• remands the case to the RO,	
		then the VSR, RVSR or	
		DRO	
		– performs additional	
		development, and	
		– issues a new decision.	
		If the new decision does not	
		fully grant the benefit on	
		appeal, the DRO, VSR, or	
		RVSR	
		• prepares an SSOC, and	
		• returns the case to BVA.	
12	BVA	Issues a final decision in a	See M21-1
		remanded case. Case is	MR, Part I,
		returned to the RO for	<u>5.G</u> .
		review/processing.	

b. Overview of the Appeal Process (continued)

Stage	Who Is	Action	Reference
	Responsible		
13	Appellant	May appeal the final BVA	See <u>M21-1</u>
		decision to the U.S. of	MR, Part I,
		Appeals for Veterans Claims	<u>5.I</u> .
		(CAVC) within 120 days of	
		the date of the decision if	
		he/she is not satisfied with	
		the decision.	

2. Withdrawing and/or Reinstating a Notice of Disagreement (NOD) or Appeal

Introduction

An NOD or substantive appeal that has been withdrawn may be reinstated if notice that the appellant wants to reinstate the NOD or appeal is received during the remaining appeal period. This topic contains information on

- the withdrawal of an NOD or appeal by the
 - appellant, or
 - representative
- the time limit for reinstating an NOD or appeal, and
- reinstating an NOD or appeal.

Change Date

December 9, 2004

a. Withdrawal of NOD or Appeal by the Appellant

The appellant must submit a written request in order to withdraw an NOD or appeal, except for appeals withdrawn on the record at a hearing.

Note: Failure of the appellant to report for an examination or furnish evidence requested by VA does *not* constitute withdrawal of an appeal.

b. Withdrawalof NOD orAppeal by theRepresentative

A representative, including an attorney, can withdraw an NOD or substantive appeal without the written consent of the appellant.

Reference: For more information on withdrawal of an appeal by a representative, see 38 CFR 20.204(c).

c. Time Limit for Reinstating an NOD or Appeal

The appellant or authorized representative can reinstate an NOD or appeal after it has been withdrawn *if* VA receives a request for reinstatement in writing within the remaining appeal period.

Reference: For more information on receiving a substantive appeal within the appeal period, see 38 CFR 19.32.

2. Withdrawing and/or Reinstating a Notice of Disagreement (NOD) or Appeal, Continued

d. Reinstating an NOD or Appeal

If the appellant or authorized representative requests reinstatement of the NOD or appeal, refer the folder for activation of the VACOLS record. In the case of an appeal, this action alerts BVA to an appeal's reactivation.

If the appellant or authorized representative does *not* reinstate the NOD or substantive appeal, the previously disputed RO decision(s) will be regarded as final.

Reference: For more information on closing an NOD or appeal, see <u>38 CFR</u> 19.32.